# **AM Machine Gas Flow Characterization &** Improvement - Phase 3

**XY Plane Baseline Flow** 

XY Flow Context

225 -

\_\_\_\_\_\_ 100 -

**Baseline XY Heatmap** 

-50 - -25 - -25 - -25 - -25 - -25 - -25 - -25 - -25 - -250 - -250 - -2525 - -2525 - -22500 - -2250 - -

x [mm]

0.0

## **INTRODUCTION/MOTIVATION**

#### **PROBLEM STATEMENT:** Boeing Additive Manufacturing needs a way to improve flow characteristics of the cyclic gas flow system within their EOS M290 Laser Powder Bed Fusion printers. Our team has been tasked with designing nozzles & other flow devices to improve the uniformity of flow within the build chamber and reduce dead zones and recirculation points.



## **TEST SETUP & PROTOTYPE EVALUATION**

#### **PIV Data Collection:**

- The method we used to analyze the gas flow was particle image velocimetry (PIV).
- Using low-response time cameras in conjunction with laser-illuminated particles, PIV allowed us to map and evaluate the velocity
- distribution of the gas flow. • Key parameters recorded were the velocity in x/y directions and vorticity.

## Flow with tracer particles Light-sheet optics Double-pulse laser Camera

## **RESULTS & FUTURE WORK**



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**Mock Build Chamber:** • To emulate the EOS M290 machine, we used two test set-ups to analyze gas flow in the XY and YZ planes within the build chamber. • Analyzing each plane provided unique insight pertinent to different components of the system

(lower/upper inlet, outlet), that was used to iterate on the existing stock designs.



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### Mechanical Engineering Capstone Exposition